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SUMMARY OF THE POLISH PROVINCIAL PRESS

(29 June-4 July 1960)

No. 140

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SUMMARY OF THE POLISH PROVINCIAL PRESS

(28 June-4 July 1960)

PREFACE

The Summary of the Polish Provincial Press is a report containing summaries, extracts and collations of items of local significance in the political, sociological and economic fields, appearing in selected provincial dailies from all major areas of Poland. This report contains items from sources dated 28 June-4 July 1960 and, in addition:

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I. THE GOVERNMENT

Addressing a crowd of 100,000, Prime Minister Jozef Cyrankiewicz delivered a speech at Gdynia's Navy Day on 26 June (Gdansk, Dziennik Baltycki, 28 June).

An article by Z. Jedrzynski criticized the municipal authorities' failure to cooperate with the local party groups. He quoted the following example : A party group approached the authorities, and offered to build a street, asking that the municipality supply the curbstones for that purpose. The authorities promised so to do however no curbstones were delivered (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 28 June).

The new code of administrative procedures introduces the following provisions :

(1) Complaints may be filed by any citizen in his own interest, in that of third parties, or in general social interest,

(2) any complaint, grievance or application must be dealt with in two months' time at the latest,

(3) a complaint mistakenly addressed to an agency must be conveyed by that agency to the competent one within fourteen days,

(4) Government employees are responsible before their service and disciplinary superiors for procrastination or use of bureaucratic methods when dealing with the public,

(5) a citizen cannot be penalized for filing a complaint, provided, of course, that it did not constitute the violation of any laws or regulations (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 28 June).

The draft law on industrial arbitration commissions provides for the setting up of boards of appeal, constituted by representatives of the economic administration and of labor unions, with a Wojewodztwo Court judge presiding. Their awards would be appealed to the Supreme Court instead of to the central council of labor unions as heretofore. Furthermore, the draft does away with the local arbitration commissions which constituted the weakest link in the current system of arbitration. Henceforth, they can only be set up in plants employing 100 or more workers (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 29 June).

The third session of the people's Znin powiat council presidium evaluated the activities of the powiat union of agricultural associations and organizations. There are 2,028 members of the powiat's 82 agricultural associations. However, out of the amount of 8,000,000 zlotys in State credits for the purchase of farm machinery, only 1,700,000 zlotys were used up so far, and a number of agricultural associations assumed a negative attitude with regard to the purchase of machinery (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 29 June).

The session of the people's wojewodztwo council on 28 June provided an answer to the question : "Did the people's councils

keep their election promises?" The answer : They did. Among the work done by the wojewodztwo's people's councils over the years 1958-1960:

Housing units built	162,800
Water supply	Up 25,000,000 zu m
Water system	Extended by 251 km
Roads	Construction target exceeded by 52 km
Schools	339 built instead of 219 planned

The people's councils also built two hospitals, seven health centers, and 180 dispensaries.

Stanislaw Mandecki, deputy president of the wojewodztwo FJN committee stated that the FJN considered the people's councils' work well done (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 29 June).

The session of the people's municipal council discussed the need for improving the work done by the administrative trial board (Czestochowa, Zycie Czestochowy, 30 June).

On 30 June, a group of Sejm Representatives, members of the Sejm heavy industry committee, led by Representative J. Olezewski, the committee's chairman, and accompanied by Franciszek Wniolka, Minister of Heavy Industry visited the "Karol Swierczewski" mechanical works at Elblag (Gdansk, Dziennik Baltycki, 1 July).

Accompanied by Roman Stachurka, secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee, and by Pawel Dabek, president of the people's wojewodztwo council, Mieczyslaw Jagielski, Minister of Agriculture visited the works on the construction of the Ieprz-Krzna Canal on 30 June (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 1 July).

On the second day of his visit to our wojewodztwo, Minister Mieczyslaw Jagielski met agricultural activists at Lublin (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 2/3 July).

On 2 July, a group of Sejm Representatives, members of the Sejm heavy industry, chemical industry and mining committees visited Szczecin Shipyard. They displayed interest in organizational-technical and investment problems (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 3 July).

On 2 July, members of the Sejm culture committee met those of the people's wojewodztwo council culture commission. The Sejm committee is analyzing the cultural position in our wojewodztwo in pursuance of instructions issued by the Sejm presidium (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 4 July).

Minister Mieczyslaw Jagielski paid a visit to Professor Dr. Stefan Ziemiński, Rector of the Higher School of Agriculture. Also present : Roman Stachurka, and Boleslaw Nazimek, deputy-president of the people's wojewodztwo council (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 4 July).

"It is with considerable satisfaction that we publish the text of the resolution passed by the people's municipal council presidium, coming into effect today, and introducing exceptional proceedings in cases of hooliganism etc. for the period of six

months. The resolution extends its provisions to cases of breach of peace, public use of bad language, drunkenness, and consumption of alcoholic beverages wherever it is banned under the regulations in force. The sentences passed by the trial board (up to three months in prison and/or a 4,500 zlotys fine) will be subject to immediate execution" (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 4 July).

II. THE POLITICAL SYSTEM

1. PZPR-SD-ZSL Cooperation

The ninth wojewodztwo SD congress was attended by 160 delegates, among whom Professor Wincenty Tomaszewicz and citizen Stanislaw Aletowa, by comrades Jerzy Muszynski, secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee, and Hieronim Hejniak, secretary of Lodz city party committee, and by Dr. Henryk Rafalski, president of the wojewodztwo ZSL committee. The congress was presided over by Professor Dr. Wladyslaw Holtzmann. Muszynski and Rafalski delivered speeches referring to the cooperation between PZPR, SD and ZSL. In a report, Professor Roman Kaczmarek called for enrollment of young people to rejuvenate the SD ranks, for a broader autonomy of local SD associations, and for closer contacts with the PZPR and the ZSL. Professor Kaczmarek was elected president of the wojewodztwo SD committee (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 13 June).

In his report read at the plenum of the wojewodztwo SD committee, Stanislaw Szramowicz, civil engineer, president of the committee stated the need for fortifying the people's councils by young councilmen, representing the new generation of the intelligentsia. The discussions centered around the patriotism of young intelligentsia, and the cooperation between the older and younger councilmen.

The plenum approved the plan for third quarter activities as submitted by Sejm Representative Czapski, secretary of the wojewodztwo SD committee (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 29 June).

A conference of representatives of the wojewodztwo committees of the party, of ZSL, of SD, of the FJN, of the Polish Army, of LPZ, TPPR and of ZLOWiD, held at the ZLOWiD offices on 28 June set up a working committee comprising the representatives of all these organizations and institutions, instructing the committee to help ZLOWiD in organizing in our wojewodztwo festivities in connection with the anniversary of the battle of Grunwald (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 29 June).

On 2 July, Wyszard Trzcionka, secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee, and Stefan Paszkowski, member of the wojewodztwo ZSL committee presidium attended the fourth wojewodztwo congress of 100 delegates, representing the 1,727 members of the wojewodztwo's agricultural production cooperative (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 4 July).

Marian Pec, secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee, Sejm Representative Wladyslaw Gawlik, president of the wojewodztwo ZSL committee, and Sejm Representative Jozef Czapski, president of the wojewodztwo SD committee were greeted by Pawel Dabek, president of the people's wojewodztwo council at the Lublin academy commemorating the international cooperative movement days (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 4 July).

2. Mass Organizations

General Marian Spychalski, Minister of National Defense, and Edward Gierek, first secretary of the Katowice wojewodztwo party committee attended the jubilee session of the congress of SFOS activists on the fifteenth anniversary of the Fund on 12 June.

Jerzy Zietek, president of the wojewodztwo SFOS committee read a letter of congratulations from Aleksander Zawadzki, president of the State Council (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 13 June).

Comrade Mieczyslaw Wagrowski, deputy-president of the TPRP informed the press that there were 15,500 local TPRP associations in Poland, and over 12,000 "Friends of the Soviet Union" associations in Polish schools. The "Soviet Technique Days", recently organized by the TPRP, were attended by a sixteen-man delegation of Soviet leaders and scientists. Wagrowski said that the "Days" were best organized in Lodz city and wojewodztwo (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 13/19 June).

The second congress of Gorna city section agricultural associations was held on 20 June. The seven associations of the section have 372 members. Their number is too low in view of the fact that the section includes 930 individual farms.

The congress was attended by comrades Jagodzinski, president of the people's Gorna city section council, and Szmaja, representing Lodz committee of the party. The delegates elected a city section agricultural association authority, re-electing comrade Masewicz its president (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 21 June).

It was disclosed at the meeting of Lodz FJN committee held on 22 June that over the first five months in 1960, the city contributed the amount of 18,891,000 zlotys to the SFBS. The plants and institutions contributed 15,187,000 zlotys, or 40.4% of the annual target. Other groups lagged behind:

Peasants	9.8%
Craftsmen	17.8%
Private trade	21.4%
Private services	13.2%
Private industry	8.4%

School youth contributed 71% of the target for the group (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 23 June).

The congress of retired persons heard a report on the activities of their association (Membership : 4,900 in Cracow city, and 3,400 in sixteen branch associations in the wojewodztwo), and re-elected Czeslaw Brzostynski its president (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 28 June).

The membership of Poznan wojewodztwo LPZ attained 72,000. The best regional associations are those of Kalisz, Nowy Tomyśl, Wrzesnia, and Poznan city's Stare Miasto section (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 29 June).

At present, 160 of our wojewodztwo ZMS production brigades are competing for the title of "Socialist work Brigade". The first production pledges in connection with 22 July are now being passed (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 30 June).

The district report-and-election conference of the health services employees labor union was held on 29 June, and attended by representatives of the wojewodztwo party committee and of the people's wojewodztwo council. The conference re-elected Asst. Professor Leziak president of the district authority (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 30 June).

Comrades Piotr Karpiuk, head of the wojewodztwo party committee economic section and Piotr Dabek attended the report-and-election conference of the cooperative workers' labor union, representing 24,000 members of the union.

Over the past three years, the union conveyed 1,725 members to summer vacations camps, 351 to health treatment, and 526 to sanatoriums. It may be considered a proof of recognition of the union authority's activities by its members that four comrades were re-elected to the union's district authority (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 30 June).

In discussing labor union matters, the executives of particular labor unions stated that close cooperation between party agencies and those of labor unions was indispensable in solving all problems involving entire industrial plants. The cooperation must be the expression of mutual comprehension of the shared responsibility for the plant (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 1 July).

Between January and July 1960, the city of Sopot contributed 83,114 zlotys to the SFOS as against 238,684 zlotys throughout 1959 (Gdansk, Dziennik Lutowy, 1 July).

Over the first three weeks in June, the wojewodztwo LK activists attended 182 meetings with unorganized women, and 263 meetings with members of the rural housewives' associations. Over the same period, sixteen new LK, and 33 new rural housewives' associations were set up in the wojewodztwo (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 1 July).

This morning, the first sixty-man ZMS group of our wojewodztwo left for the youth rally at Grunwald. This evening, a further thirty-man group is leaving (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 1 July).

On 1 July, comrade Edward Ochab, secretary of the party central committee met ZMS activists at the "Wujek" coalmine club. The meeting was attended by comrades Zdzislaw Gruzien, secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee, Tadeusz Raczynski, first secretary of the city party committee and Slawomir Kalembski, secretary of the wojewodztwo ZMS committee. Feliks Kolek, first secretary of the city ZMS committee greeted Ochab in behalf of Katowice ZMS organization whose membership increased from 6,000 up to 10,000 over the past quarter (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 2/3 July).

Marian Miskiewicz, first secretary, Tadeusz Majdzinski, secretary, and Tadeusz Ludwikowski, executive member of the wojewodztwo party committee received a delegation of Bydgoszcz wojewodztwo cooperative societies in connection with the international day of cooperative movement (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 2/3 July).

Over the first five months in 1960, the SFPS collected the amount of 452,570,000 zlotys, or 37.8% of the annual target. This is better than past year, when only 23% were contributed up to 1 June. However, the total 1959 SFPS proceeds amounted to 1,200,000,000 zlotys.

At present, 347 Millennium schools are under construction. The SFPS fund drive achieved best results in Katowice, Bydgoszcz and Opole wojewodztwos, and weakest in those of Gdansk, Lublin and Wroclaw (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 2/3 July).

A few days ago, the Wojewodztwo Maritime Council was set up in our city. Constituted by 25 members, the Council will promote the popularization of marine problems. H. Falkiewicz of the PZM was elected the president of the Council (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 3 July).

In 1959, the SFPS fund drive yielded over 47,500,000 zlotys in cash, and over 35,000,000 zlotys worth of labor and construction materials in our wojewodztwo. This year, the outlook is not as good: Only 22,000,000 zlotys were collected so far, and this is but 28% of the annual target (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 4 July).

On 2 July, Zygmunt Wegrzyk opened the thirty-eight international day of cooperative movement. In our wojewodztwo, there are 591 cooperative societies of all description. The gardeners' cooperative society has a membership of 40,000. The dairy cooperative purchase 500,000,000 liters of milk p.a. Production cooperative societies operate 1,400 plants and enterprises, and the value of their production amounts to 2,000,000,000 zlotys p.a. There are 114,000 members of consumers' cooperatives. The construction cooperatives complete several thousand apartments a year (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 4 July).

The fifth wojewodztwo congress of the "Samopomoc Chlopska" (Peasants Mutual Aid) wojewodztwo union of rural cooperative delegates elected new authorities, re-electing Z. Wegrzyk president of the wojewodztwo union. The congress also elected seven delegates to the third national congress of supply and trade cooperatives (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 4 July).

3. Travellers and Conferences

This year, 700 Soviet tourists will visit Poland, and 1,000 Polish ones will travel to the USSR. These figures do not include the travellers under the system of exchange of leaders and of cultural workers (Lodz, Głos Robotniczy, 18/19 June).

Led by Lothar Förster of the Cottbus district SED party committee, a three-man delegation of East German agricultural leaders spent two days visiting our województwo towns, agricultural associations and PGR's (Poznan, Gazeta Poznańska, 22 June).

Guest of the Higher School of Agriculture, Dr. Hans Heinrich Iudzier, a scientific worker of the Animal Feed Institute of Rostock has been in our województwo since 8 June (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 22 June).

Among yesterday's visitors to Poznan International Trade Fair :

- (1) Edgar Engelhard, president of Hamburg city council,
- (2) Antonio Núñez Jiménez, director of Cuba's National Land Reform Institute, and
- (3) Dertilis, Greece's Minister of Trade, and Leopoulos, Greek Envoy to Poland (Poznan, Gazeta Poznańska, 22 June).

A group of forty representatives of European countries, among which East Germany, Holland, West Germany, Belgium, Austria, France, Switzerland, Sweden and Italy, members of the Union Internationale des Chemins de Fer arrived in our city within their trip to Poland to acquaint themselves with the problems of Polish railroads (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 22 June).

Tourists coming to our city and województwo are mainly Poles living abroad, here to visit their relatives or friends. Among them :

From the USA 172
" Canada 22
" Great Britain 16

Less numerous groups came from Denmark, Belgium, Holland, France, West Germany, Sweden, Switzerland and Italy.

From socialist countries :
The USSR 437
East Germany 34
Hungary 8
Bulgaria 7
Czechoslovakia 3

(Bialystok, Zycie Bialostockie, 24 June).

On 27 June, a scientific session on the 550th anniversary of the battle of Grunwald, organized by the Jagiellonian University and the PAN opened in our city (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 28 June).

A recent visit to Poland by a group of Ghana cooperative movement workers will be followed by one to Ghana by a group of Polish cooperative experts who will help in organizing that country's cooperative production and trade (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 29 June).

Led by Wei-heng, deputy-director in charge of planning at his country's ministry of power, a three-man Chinese delegation to Poznan International Trade Fair visited the Zakłady Mechaniczne imienia Karola Swierczewskiego (Karol Swierczewski Mechanical Works - "Zamech") at Elblag (Gdansk, Dziennik Baltycki, 29 June).

Citizen Dion-Mien-Soo, secretary to the Korean Embassy in Warsaw visited the Institute of Timber Technology at Poznan-winiary (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 30 June).

Mr. Hayath, India's Vice-minister of Power visited Elblag's "Zamech" on 27 June (Gdansk, Dziennik Baltycki, 30 June).

Leon Janczak, secretary of the ZSL chief committee accompanies the delegation of Finnish Agrarian's Union, headed by E. Jaakakola, Minister of Agriculture, invited by the ZSL chief committee. The delegation arrived in our wojewodztwo on 29 June (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 30 June).

In August, a twenty-man group of young Germans, Frenchmen and Poles from abroad will work for three weeks on the construction of a road connecting the Millennium school at Chąbsko with the town of Mogilno (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 30 June).

A seven-man group of French journalists from Paris, Rheims, Rennes and Marseille visited Katowice, where they were received by K. Fabris, Vice-Minister of Mining (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 1 July).

On 30 June, a sixty-man group of Soviet citizens touring Poland, Czechoslovakia and East Germany in their own cars arrived in our city. Among them, there are workers, peasants, scientists, physicians etc. S. Sobolev, the well-known writer and Supreme Soviet Representatives heads the Moscow group (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 1 July).

Sixty Lublin wojewodztwo ZSP members will spend their summer vacations abroad: Twenty in Czechoslovakia, seven in East Germany, five each in the USSR, Austria and Hungary, several in Bulgaria, France and Rumania, and one each in Great Britain, Denmark, Holland and Greece. About 500 ZSP members will meet at the Selmet Maly Lake near Elk in Lialystok wojewodztwo (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 1 July).

A forty-man excursion of Warmia and Mazury region FJN leaders visited our city. Their excursion was sponsored by Olsztyn wojewodztwo FJN committee (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 2 July).

Dr. Zbigniew Gwiek of Warsaw University read a report on the battle of Grunwald and on the war against the Teutonic Order at a TWP-sponsored conference of historians at Olsztyn (Gdansk, Dziennik Baltycki, 2 July).

Professors A. L. Chapman and J. L. Lush of the Rockefeller Foundation lectured at the PAN-sponsored seminar on animal breeding in our city (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 2 July).

Ma-Hwei-Jee, Chinese Vice-Minister of Shipping, Eskil Gester, representing Swedish, and Haakon Christiansen, representing Danish shipowners were visited by Professor Dr. Stanislaw Darski, Polish Minister of Shipping and Waterways to the Sea Days on the Coast. They visited our city, and were received by Zbigniew Skolicki, president of the people's municipal council (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 2 July).

Accompanied by Mr. Olaf Tellefsen, Norwegian Ambassador to Poland, Mr. Arne Skaug, Minister of Trade and Shipping of the Kingdom of Norway visited our city as guest of Minister Stanislaw Darski (Gdansk, Dziennik Balttycki, 2 July).

Led by Mr. Hans Lange, an eight-man delegation of East German fishing and fish canning industries of Sassnitz and Rostock visited our Coast (Gdansk, Dziennik Balttycki, 2 July).

Led by J. Schubert, manager of the Butterfeld chemical complex, East Germany's largest, an East German chemical industry delegation came to Silesia after visiting the Poznan International Trade Fair (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 2/3 July).

On 1 July, Heinrich Dominik, editor of Berlin's "Wirtschaftswissenschaft" lectured at the people's municipal council presidium on "The basic economic tasks of East Germany" His visit was sponsored by the East German Information Center at Warsaw (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 3/4 July).

After a three-week "peace trip" to Helsinki, Stockholm, Copenhagen, Oslo, Leningrad and Rostock, Poland's "Mazowsze" docked at Gdynia with 100 passengers-members of societies for friendship with Scandinavian and Baltic countries on board (Gdansk, Dziennik Balttycki, 3/4 July).

A forty-man group of agronomists, members of the CEMA agricultural commission, led by T. Kraus, civil engineer, chief of the (Polish) Ministry of Agriculture plant production section have been in our city for the last two days. The group includes representatives of the USSR, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Rumania, Hungary and Bulgaria (Gdansk, Dziennik Balttycki, 3/4 July).

The delegation of the Finnish Agrarian Union, led by Feinari Jaakkola, invited by the ZSL chief committee arrived in Silesia on 1 July. (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 4 July).

Led by T. D. Bagrov, secretary of Drzesc district committee of the Byelorussian Communist Party, a five-man delegation of Drzesc is visiting our wojewodztwo, accompanied by comrades Roman Stachurka and Jerzy Krupka, deputy-director of the wojewodztwo PGR administration (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 4 July).

Comrades Ryszard Trzcionka, secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee and Ryszard Nieszporek, president of the people's

województwo council delivered speeches to boy-scouts leaving our city for the youth rally at Grunwald (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 4 July).

Jozef Rabiej, assistant-professor at Szczecin Polytechnic, and Henryk Cichy, Szczecin Shipyard welder represent our city on the delegation to Moscow's " Baltic Week", headed by Julian Tokarski, Deputy-Prime Minister (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 4 July).

III. THE PZPR

1. General

Of the 378 members of the people's councils of Sieradz powiat 314 carry the red party card. Party members account for one half of the people's municipal council members, and of the sixty powiat councilmen - thirty are communists. Among the 35 presidents of the people's gromada councils, 22 are communists (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 13 June).

On 10 June, the city party committee executives discussed the cooperation between the city section party committee agencies and the smaller party primary organizations in industrial plants and institutions. About 75% of all primary organizations are small, however they gather 30% of the total membership - 50,000 members - and must not be neglected.

It was decided to ask the secretariat to submit suggestions concerning the organizational difficulties encountered by the city Srodmiescie section organization of the party with its 15,000 members (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 13 June).

The executives of the Gorna city section party committee travelled to Rawa Mazowiecka last week to attend a joint meeting with the powiat party committee executives. It was disclosed at the meeting that over the past five months, the party primary organization at the Zaklady Przemyslu Lwowianego imienia Armii Ludowej (People's Army Cotton Mill) sent its activists to the village of Teodozjow six times to help the local, twelve-member primary organization of the party. In Teodozjow, there are two agricultural associations with 25 members, of whom nine are party members.

The city section party committee cooperates with 28 gromadas. However, not all the primary organization executives display interest in the work done by such teams, and so fail to control and direct their activities (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 15 June).

On 17 June, Mieczyslaw Marzec, head of the party central committee organization section attended the plenum of the wojewodztwo party committee. The report read by Wacław Fibakiewicz, secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee pointed out several shortcomings, mainly in the work done by particular agencies of

both party - and non-party activists. The number of activists is too low : Forty per cent of peasants-party members failed to join the agricultural associations.

In the wojewodztwo, 2,000 joined the party in January 1960. Among them, there are 42.7% of workers as against 38.6% in 1957. However, there are party organizations which had not enrolled even one candidate in three years (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 18/19 June).

The party organization of Belchatow powiat enrolled 139 candidates in 1960 as against 85 throughout 1959. Among them, there were eight teachers, 23 ZMW members, and 53 peasants.

While Belchatow powiat's countryside totals 500 members and candidates, only 148 of them have joined the agricultural associations and 68 party members failed to join up in villages where there are local agricultural associations (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 20 June).

At the recent session of Znin powiat party committee, held at Janowiec, comrade Stanislaw Nowodworski, secretary of the powiat party committee handed party cards over to seven new candidates (names quoted). The majority of the candidates were young workers and peasants from Janowiec and its outskirts (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 22 June).

"In party groups at industrial plants, people have nothing to talk about as almost nothing is being dealt with there. Whenever he has some complaint, the worker goes to the secretary of the party primary organization, and not to the secretary of the plant section organization of the party. And if one cannot blame the secretary of the plant committee who considers it a point of honor personally to take care of everything, because this only means he is careful about human welfare, he automatically deprives the party group and its leaders of their natural field of action" (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 27 June).

On 28 June, railroad activists met to discuss party work in their own ranks in connection with the recommendations issued by the wojewodztwo party committee executive. The meeting was attended by comrade Popielas, Minister of Transports.

It was told at the meeting that the party work was developing at Ostrow ZNTK (Zaklady Naprawcze Taboru Kolejowego - Railroad Rolling Stock Repair Shops), where 117 candidates enrolled during the first half 1960 as against 27 throughout 1959.

Popielas delivered a speech dealing with the need for improving party work among railwaymen (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanaska, 30 June).

On 1 June, Edward Ochab, secretary of the party central committee met party activists, among whom T. Raczynski, first secretary, other secretaries of the city party committee, members of the party city and city section committees, and secretaries of the party primary organizations (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 2/3 July).

2. Party Schooling, Press and Propaganda

The city Sracmiescie section party committee propaganda center advises that there will be a conference of party primary organization first secretaries and propaganda secretaries to discuss party schooling in 1960/1961, and to hear a lecture on "How to analyze a technical progress plan" (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 17 June).

On 18 June, comrade Kapuscinski will deliver a lecture on "The disintegration of the colonial system in Africa" at the wojewodztwo party committee (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 18/19 June).

On the fifteenth anniversary of this newspaper, comrade Michalina Tatarkowna-Majkowska, first secretary of Lodz party committee and other executive members of Lodz committee attended a special meeting commemorating the occasion (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 18/19 June).

For several days, the Glos Robotniczy carried the text of numerous congratulatory telegrams received in connection with the newspaper's fifteenth anniversary (Lodz, 20 June et seq.).

The Lodz party committee WUML was set up in 1953. Up to now, several hundred listeners graduated from the two-year course. A questionnaire circulated among the graduates brought replies to the effect that they had learned a lot at the WUML, and that 91% of them kept in touch with the evening university.

Among the graduates :

25 to 40 years	49%
40 to 50 years	40%
over 50 years	11%

Among the graduates, 66% are high school graduates, and 16% have college (complete or incomplete) course, and 73% of them are party members (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 20 June).

Lucjan Motyka, first secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee, Zbigniew Skolicki, president of the people's municipal council, and Sejm Representatives Boleslaw Drabner attended the plenum of the city party committee, and heard a report read by A. Kerwicki, propaganda secretary, and dealing with the work done by the people's councils in the field of cultural and artistic activities (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 28 June).

The plenum of Wabrzezno powiat party committee discussed ideological and party work in 1959/1960. During the past school year, 71.9% of Wabrzezno powiat party organization members took part in the party schooling program. Of the listeners, those in towns accounted for 80.7% and those in the countryside for 70.4% of party members living in the same localities.

The plenum criticized the lack of higher forms of party schooling, and the low circulation figures of party press. Exception : Gazeta Pomorska, which according to them has been doing quite well (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 28 June).

Comrades Franciszek Szlachcic, executive member of the wojewodztwo party committee, and Szczepan Wysocki, secretary of the city party committee attended the ceremony of closing the party schooling year. In 1959/1960 schooling year, 196 out of the total number of non-party listeners enrolled as party candidates (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 30 June).

The party schooling year closed at the city Stare Miasto section party committee on 28 June. In 1959/1960, there were 4,500 listeners, or up 1,100 from 1958/1959. Of the 4,500, 646 were non-party members, of whom 108 were women (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 1 July).

At the political course for PGR and party primary organizations secretaries, Jan Szydlak, first secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee delivered a lecture on the fifth party plenum problems (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 1 July).

IV. STATE-CHURCH RELATIONSHIP

The second wojewodztwo conference of the SAIW disclosed that over the past three years, SAIW members delivered 300 lectures and organized many meetings. SAIW's nearly 1,500 followers are organized in plant organizations, now being set up. The wojewodztwo conference re-elected H. Przybylski president of the district SAIW authority, and elected fifteen delegates of city and wojewodztwo SAIW authorities to the national SAIW congress (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 13 June).

In August, the TSS free paedagogic study organizes a one-year correspondence course for secular movement activists. Curriculum: Education, ethics, and the knowledge of religion (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 23 June).

Held on 26 June, the third wojewodztwo SAIW congress elected new authorities with Sergiusz Melaniuk as president of the wojewodztwo SAIW authority (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 28 June).

On 27 June, Bishop Dr. Maksymilian Rodz, head of the Polish-Catholic Church, accompanied by the members of the episcopal curia and by Father Franciszek Koc, Dean of Bydgoszcz paid a courtesy visit to Marian Nowak, deputy-president of the people's wojewodztwo council. Present at the interview: Alfons Markun, head of the people's wojewodztwo council presidium religious affairs section (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 28 June).

"Up to 1965, Poland will have 945,000 new workers. If we do not look for additional possibilities like the expansion of old plants etc., we should have to build 945 industrial plants employing 1,000 each. Against this background, how do the Episcopate's dreams look like of a world-power, 80,000,000 strong Poland? Unfortunately, this would have meant 80,000,000 starved people, roofless too. Therefore, if the Church dignitaries find

miraculous means allowing for such unheard-of, gigantic increase in production, we will be certainly in favor of the 80,000,000 giant nation they advocate. The point is, there are no miracles, and they are quite satisfied to leave us to worry about the nation's existence, as they are quite free of such worries" (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 30 June).

On 1 July, a party central committee lecturer will speak here on "The clergy's Millennium plan" (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 30 June).

On 2 July, Ryszard Mieszperek, president of the people's wojewodztwo council received the representatives of the priests' "Caritas" association who acquainted him with the plans for the association's future activities. The meeting was held in a very pleasant atmosphere (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 4 July).

V. SOCIOLOGICAL ITEMS

1. Public Education

On 18 June, Antoni Walaszek, first secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee, and other members of the committee secretariat received the representatives of our city academic schools. They discussed a broader contribution by scientific staff to the purpose of solving production problems (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 19/20 June).

In an interview J. Lukaszewicz, head of the district school board said that 1,244 boys and girls graduated from senior high schools, and 250 from technical high schools. The graduates will have to choose from among the following vacancies : 500 at the University and Polytechnic, 400 at the teachers' colleges, and about 200 at State technical schools (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 21 June).

Edmund Grabowski, civil engineer, Vice-Minister of Mining and Power attended the commencement ceremonies at Chorzow's Mining Technical School on its tenth anniversary. Over the past ten years, 1,000 graduated from the School (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 22 June).

On 28 June, solemn commencement ceremonies closed the first year of Chelm ZMS workers' university. Diplomas were handed over to 64 graduates (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 30 June).

During the winter 1959/1960, the school administration of Poznan PTE branch ran 38 courses in our city. The administration is headed by Professor Dr. Stanislaw Waschko. Twelve courses completed their programs. The remaining 26 continue teaching 1,123 listeners (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 1 July).

In our województwo, the TWP-organized courses for future University students were attended by 400, and the ZMW-sponsored ones by 140 candidates. Examinations for admission to the Higher School of Agriculture start on 2 July (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 1 July).

On 30 June, Szczecin's Higher School of Agriculture handed over diplomas to its first 115 graduates - agricultural engineers (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 1 July).

Sponsored by the województwo ZMS committee, the highly specialized course for welders at the "Mostostal" enterprise trained sixteen students, among whom ten from our own województwo. They will leave for Plock and for the construction of the USSR-Poland-East Germany-Czechoslovakia pipeline (Poznan, Gazeta Poznańska, 2/3 July).

In an article concerning the 50,000 future teachers now being trained, Ewa Wanacka quoted a student as saying that religious ethics was superior to secular because the latter based itself upon intellect only while the former on both the intellect and revelation. Said he: "In many cases, the mind can commit mistakes" (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 2/3 July).

There are 2,324 candidates as against this year's 1,080 vacancies at the Jagiellonian University (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 3/4 July).

2. Crime and Courts

On 17 June, the executive of Lodz city party committee discussed juvenile delinquency. There is a steady increase in the juvenile crime rate: In 1959, their number was up 29% from 1957. The juveniles account for 50% of all cases of crime committed in Ruda, Laluty, and Srodmiście city sections. The average monthly number of delinquents brought by the MO services to the juveniles' chamber is up 38% from the 1958/1959 monthly average.

Jointly with the pertinent sections of the people's municipal council, the organization section of the city party committee will work out a draft statute for a social committee or council for inspiring and co-ordinating juvenile delinquency prevention (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 20 June).

A meeting held at this newspaper's offices with Lt. Col. Henryk Slabczyk, Lodz MO commander, and with Aleksander Woźny, city prosecutor public disclosed that while the number of petty thefts at industrial plants dropped, the same was not true of more serious, organized ones. To prevent further spreading of such crime, 500 inspections will be carried out in plants (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 23 June).

It was stated during a press conference at the województwo attorney's office that the number of indictments during the first half 1960 was down 43% from the same period in 1959.

In 1959, there were 45 cases of illegal possession of firearms, and sixteen cases in 1960.

The improvement seems to be due to better detection methods, and to closer cooperation between the public and the MO. There were 86 meetings in 1959, and 36 in 1960 with gromada population and with industrial crews (Łódź, Głos Robotniczy, 23 June).

In 1959, the people's województwo council inspectorate visited 357 enterprises and institutions, disclosing 23 cases of economic crime, 203 cases of tax evasion, twenty cases of violation of foreign currency regulations, and eleven of violating the provisions governing the customs procedures. Over the first quarter 1960, there were eight cases of economic crime, 33 - of tax evasion, and five of violation of foreign currency and customs regulations.

The Treasury incurred the loss of 63,602,888 zlotys and, in addition, of several score thousand zlotys' worth of foreign currencies. The loss was made up thus :

	<u>Zlotys</u>
Economic crime in socialized enterprise	17,848,809
Tax evasion	8,923,019
Foreign currency and customs violations	517,953

To this, the losses in foreign currencies should be added (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 30 June).

Częstochowa Powiat Court sentenced Jadwiga Knabe to four years in prison. A former chief accountant of Częstochowa Industrial Construction Enterprise, she embezzled over 40,000 zlotys by means of padding payrolls and social security lists, and forging signatures (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 30 June).

At the expanded plenum of the województwo labor union commission, K. Hayder, public prosecutor quoted the following figures showing the number of cases of economic crime in the województwo :

1958	45,294
1959	46,356
1960 (first quarter)	12,578

He further said that while there was a slight drop in the rate of economic crime [sic], economic crime accounts for one case in every four. In 1958, 120 cases concerned amounts over 50,000 zlotys, and in 1959 - 116. In 1959, there were 12,357 cases of economic crime in Cracow city, up 475 from 1958 (Cracow Dziennik Polski, 1 July).

The Województwo Court will try five employees of the Krakowska Fabryka Kabli (Cracow Cable Plant), among whom the cashier and the chief accountant who embezzled about 200,000 zlotys between 1956 and 1959 (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 2 July).

3. Miscellany

In an interview comrade Boleslaw Ironiarczyk deputy-president of the people's wojewodztwo council said 60,000 Lodz children would spend thier vacations at about 100 summer camps (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 13 June).

In a letter to the editor, Barbara Trzesinska expressed her bitterness caused by the fact that Kutno city's industrial enterprise, and even the people's municipal council discriminated against women, stating in their "wanted" ads that the applicant for the job advertised must be a man, and not a women (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 14 June);

Out of the 900 men and women entitled to their share in the surplus funds at Lodzkie Fabryki Mebli (Lodz Furniture Factories), 96 received more than 36% of the total amount. Of the recipients, 25 are management workers, and 26 managing personnel, so that the production workers received less than 50% of the prizes (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 14 June),

Every summer, hundreds of people are drowned in Poland's rivers and lakes :

1956	534
1957	1,040
1958	922
1959	941

Last year's figures included :

Children under seven	130
" from seven to fourteen	196
Juveniles from fourteen to eighteen	132
Adults	483

In 1959, the river militia rescued 514 victims (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 22 June).

In an interview citizen T. Klopotoski, head of Lodz school board vacation section said that at a cost of 18,500,000 zlotys contributed by the board, and of about 25,000,000 zlotys contributed by industrial enterprises, 58,000 children, or 80% of Lodz primary school population would spend the summer on vacation colonies. Together with teacher-parent associations' and parents' own contributions this would mean about 1,000 zlotys per child. The majority of children would go to camps in Wroclaw, Koszalin, and Lodz wojewodztwo (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 25/26 June).

Among Lodz textile workers' three-person families, per capita average income amounts to 751 zlotys per month. Of the family budget, 69.7% are spent on food. Family garments cost an average of 4,835 zlotys p.a., and footwear - 2,820 zlotys p.a. Per capita cost of food : 534 zlotys per month pay for 3,600

calories a day, or 6.8% above standard (Łódź, Głos Robotniczy, 27 June).

State family allowance rates :

One child	65 zlotys
with wife	102,50 "
Two children	165 "
with wife	202,50 "
Three children	295 zlotys
Four "	445 "
Five "	595 "
Six "	745 "

(Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 28 June).

"While some say that it is an excellent thing to get 500,000 new citizens every year, and that it will recoup war losses, one must realize that after thirty years of independence the natural increase rate would still be 1.25%, or one of the highest in Europe. War-caused biological losses are made good, as we have 30,000,000 population as against 28,000,000 before the War on the same territory. A swarming nation is not necessarily a powerful one. Power means the per capita amount of material and cultural wealth. And while Poland's agricultural production increased by 22.4% between 1950 and 1958, it only increased by 5.6% as far as per capita values are concerned" (Poznań, Gazeta Poznańska, 29 June).

Between 21 and 29 June, 153,000 boys and girls left their towns for camps on the Coast or in the Tatra foothills. They travelled in special trains: To the 178 originally scheduled for that purpose, 78 trains for the Coast, and sixty to Lower Silesia and Podhale were added (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 2/3 July).

In 1959, the number of work accidents in our województwo was down 408 from 1958. Accidents caused the loss of 17,530 man-days in 1958, and of 16,000 in 1959. However, in 1958 there was one fatal accident, and as many as seven in 1959: Two in industry, four in transportation, and one in construction industry (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 4 July).

VI. ECONOMIC

A. Industries

Soon now, the Zakłady Urządzeń Technicznych "Zgoda" ("Zgoda" Technical Installations Plant) of Swietochłowice will start the production of 2,400 h.p., six-cylinder marine engines under Sulzer license. The first one will propel a 1,600 t cold storage boat now under construction at Gdynia (Łódź, Głos Robotniczy, 15 June).

The Gdynia lifting equipment plant builds an unusual harbor crane : It will carry 3 t loads within 32 m or 6 t ones within 20 m range (Łódź, Głos Robotniczy, 15 June).

Among the ambitious plans of Polish optical-precision industry : a precision co-ordinated borer, now being made in four countries only (Łódź, Głos Robotniczy, 15 June).

The work being done by our city ZNTK is becoming more efficient. Over the first quarter in 1960, the average wage increased by 6%, or 100 zlotys per month, the productivity improved by more than 6%, and the quarterly production plan was overfulfilled by 0.9%, even though the planned production value was up 3,000,000 zlotys from the preceding period (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 22 June).

The crew of Szczakowa's glassworks produces a new kind of construction glass, both heat and soundproof, not hitherto made in Poland. It will first be used on the construction of a house at Krynica (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 22 June).

On 21 June, a conference of representatives of all the Polish plants cooperating with our shipbuilding industry was held at Gdansk Shipyard. It was stated at the conference that quality claims accounted for 40% of all claims received by the shipbuilders. Discussions showed that the quality of machinery and installations supplied to the Shipyard could be improved. This is very important for an industry working 90% for export (Gdansk, Dziennik Łatycki, 22 June).

On the average, Gdansk Shipyard is scheduled to launch a vessel every eleven days in 1960. Thirty three vessels are now under construction. Among them : Eight factory-trawlers for the USSR, five tramps for Brazil and for the USSR, eight timber carriers for the USSR, eight 10,000-tonners (two for the PLO, one for France and one for the People's Republic of China), and two 19,000-ton tankers - one for the PLO, and the other one for the USSR (Gdansk, Dziennik Łatycki, 29 June).

Wroclaw's "Zacisze" river shipyard builds a series of tankers for the United Arab Republic. Two of them are now being equipped for delivery in September (Wroclaw, Gazeta Robotnicza, 29 June).

Speaking at the fifth plenum of the party central committee, Robert Pisarski, secretary of Rzeszow wojewodztwo party committee stated that Stalowa Wola steelworks could be expanded to supply a further 54,000 t of steel, both open hearth furnace and electric, of sheet steel, of forgings and springs etc., and of 15,000,000 zlotys worth of ball bearing steel (Rzeszow, Nowiny Rzeszowskie, 29 June).

The FAT (Fabryka Automatow Tokarskich - Automatic Lathe Plant) of our city fulfilled its half-yearly production plan two days ahead of schedule. In honor of the First of May, the crews also made an extra two lathes for export. This year, eighteen

automatic lathes were exported, and the plant is working to fill orders received from France, Czechoslovakia and India (Lydzguszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 29 June).

The sulfur ore mined at Tarnobrzeg will constitute the raw material base for the Torunskie Zaklady Nawozow Fosforowych, (Torun Phosphate Fertilizer Plant), now being expanded. A highly automated section will supply 100,000 t of sulfuric acid p.a.

In accordance with the recommendations issued by the fifth plenum of the party central committee, the constructors avoid all heavy expenditures, and the majority of the new installations are literally in the open, with roofs and shelters of corrugated iron only where this is necessary to protect and shelter the crews (Rzeszow, Nowiny Rzeszowskie, 29 June).

The value of this year's output of Polish pharmaceutical industry is to reach 3,000,000,000 zlotys. This is up 20% from 1959. The increase is to be obtained almost without any increase in the size of the labor force but through efficiency's having been raised 21% over 1959 (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 29 June).

Over the coming years, the KZF (Krakowskie Zaklady Farmaceutyczne - Cracow Pharmaceutical Plant) will become Poland's largest. Thanks to modernization and expansion, vitamin "C" production will reach 180 t p.a. The production of antibiotics will also be expanded (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 30 June).

The plant at Strzelce Opolskie prepares for 1961 production of a beetroot combine, to be drawn by a 25 h.p. tractor (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 30 June).

The central lathe design office at Pruszkow built the prototype of a grinder-polisher for the production of streamlined auto windshields. The tool will be made by the Lodzka Fabryka Obrabiarek (Lodz Machine Tool Plant), and "Warszawa" passenger cars will be equipped with streamlined windshields soon (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 30 June).

After 32 months of construction work, eight new shops are ready at the Poznanska Fabryka Lozysk Toczych (Poznan Ball Bearing Plant). Poland imports several million dollars' worth of ball bearings a year, and these imports must be cut back. Poznan plant is to be in production by the fourth quarter 1960.

The machinery for the plant was purchased in Italy, the USSR, East Germany and Czechoslovakia (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 30 June).

On 29 June, the all-Polish two-day conference of timber small industries on technical progress closed in our city. It was attended by representatives of the planning commission of the council of ministers, of institutes, people's wojewodztwo councils etc. The people's wojewodztwo council presidium, and the all-Polish union of furniture manufacturing cooperatives were the hosts to the conference.

The value of the current output of the timber small industries amounts to 3,890,000,000 zlotys p.a., of which the furniture industry accounts for 57%. Its share will grow up to 60% by 1965.

At the conference, opinions were voiced to the effect that there were many unnecessary investments (the example of the plant at Czluchow, Koszalin wojewodztwo was quoted), and that it was inefficient to modernize small plants which should rather be transformed into service shops (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 30 June).

At Swiecie (Lydgoszcz wojewodztwo), one of Europe's first plants to produce cellulose of beechwood will be built. Annual capacity : 50,000 t. The cellulose is the raw material for synthetic fiber industry. At present, 60,000 t are being imported every year. The wood will come from Bieszczady area forests (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 30 June).

While it will be long before the huge Plock refinery and petrochemical complex are in operation, scientists prepare for future petrochemical production, and this extends to practical tasks :

Glinik Mariampolski refinery began the production of karybenzene, used for the manufacture of detergents. Fifty tons were already shipped to Oswiecim chemical complex. They will be followed by thousands of tons next year. Jedlicze refinery conducts research into production of semi-finished products of crude oil for the future manufacture of dyes, varnishes and synthetic fibers (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 30 June).

An exhibition opened by the "Paris Commune" shipyard at Gdynia TPPA club shows the yard's progress :

1951	One vessel built
1957	Fifteen vessels
1959	25 vessels built

The yard's 240 m long dock, now under construction will enable the shipyard to build vessels up to 60,000 t aw (Gdansk, Izbiennik Baltycki, 30 June).

On 30 June, Szczecin Shipyard delivered the new 6,000 t dw "Legnica" to the PLO. She is the 54th unit built by the shipyard (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 1 July).

On 25 June, the Pilskie Przedsiębiorstwo Sprzetu Rolniczego Przemyslu Terenowego (Pila Local Industry Farm Equipment Plant) fulfilled its half-yearly production plans. There will be 1,600,000 zlotys worth of ahead of schedule production until 1 July (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 1 July).

On 1 July, the # 0-300 tire production hall was inaugurated at the ZPG "Degum" ("Degum" Rubber Industry Plant) at Debica. It was built at a cost of over 71,000,000 zlotys. As the imported machinery arrives at the plant, its production will gradually expand until it reaches 550,000 - 600,000 passenger car and motorcycle tires by 1964. This will increase the "Degum" output by 40%,

bringing it up to 2,100,000 tires p.a. This compares favorably to the 200 tires a day "Degum" was making in 1939, and will meet Poland's needs with plenty to spare for exports. Already at present, "Degum" exports its tires to many countries (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 2 July).

By the beginning of July, trial operation began at the new, #9,370 t open hearth furnace at Lenin Huta steelworks. First tons of steel are to be poured on 22 July, and production up to the end of the year will include 100,000 t ahead of schedule due to the crews' efforts which made completion possible in July instead of in December 1960 (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 3/4 July).

Stefan Jedrychowski, member of the party central committee, Julian Tokarski, Deputy-Prime Minister, Franciszek Waniolka, Jan Ptasinski, first secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee Jozef Kolek, president of the people's wojewodztwo council, and Y. Kuznetsov, Soviet consul at Gdansk were among those attending the ceremony of launching Gdansk Shipyard's millionth ton of shipping. Of the two motor vessels launched, the "Hanci" is for the PLO, and the "Johannes Wares" for the USSR. On the same day, flag was hoisted to the mast of "Elets", a tramp built for the USSR. (Gdansk, Dziennik Baltycki, 3/4 July).

In 1952, Polish shipyards completed 36 units, and climbed to the thirteenth place among the world's shipbuilders. In 1959 - 137,000 t dw were completed as against 42, 610 in 1952.

In 1959, Gdansk Shipyard alone built 28 units, totalling 115,000 tons and became Europe's eighth largest yard.

In 1959, Szczecin Shipyard built 36,000 gr t, among which the yard's first 10,000-tonner.

Between 1952 and 1959, Gdynia's "Paris Commune" shipyard completed ninety medium units.

Summing up : Over twelve years, Polish shipyards completed 450 units, totalling over 800,000 gr t. This means that their annual production was six times that of German-operated shipyards along the same portion of Baltic Coast (Gdansk, Dziennik Baltycki, 3/4 July).

Tonnage launched over the past ten years :

1950	16,870
1952	36,900
1954	88,210
1955	110,120
1956	119,100
1957	164,390
1958	187,340
1959	216,230

In 1959 :

<u>Shipyard</u>	<u>Number of units</u>	<u>Tonnage</u>
Gdansk	25	148,000
Szczecin	10	56,000
Gdynia	16	12,000

Over the past nine years, 280 units were delivered to foreign shipowners :

The USSR	570,000
China	70,000
Brazil	39,000
United Arab Republic	16,000

(Szczecin, Kurier Szczeciński, 4 July).

The output of the Torunskie Zakłady Sprzetu Okretowego (Torun Seafaring Equipment Plant) will increase by 320% between now and 1965 (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 4 July).

Out of its 125,000,000 zlotys worth of annual production, our city's WFUM (Wroclawska Fabryka Urzadzen Mechanicznych - Wroclaw Mechanical Installations Plant) exports almost 20% of fifty countries of Europe, Asia, South, and even North America. Under the next five-year plan, the output is to grow three-fold.

The plant introduced new production quotas as of 1 July. Over the first two days in July, turners reached from 130 to 140% of the new quotas, and grinders from 88 to 96% (Wroclaw, Gazeta Robotnicza, 4 July).

The "Czechnica" steelworks reports having fulfilled its half-yearly production plan on 27 June. Up to 30 June, 1,520,000 zlotys worth of extra production will be supplied (Wroclaw, Gazeta Robotnicza, 4 July).

B. Fuels and Power

Heeding the appeal launched by "Bierut" steelworks in the sense of fulfilling the current five-year plan ahead of schedule, "Laziska Górne" power plant crews pledged to produce 873,000,000 kWh in excess of plan. During the second half in 1960, the 35,000 kW team of turbines will have its overhaul time cut back by three days, supplying an additional 2,000,000 kWh (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 22 June).

Over the years 1961-1965, the total amount of 557,000,000 zlotys will be invested in the electrification of our wojewodztwo countryside. By 1965, 65% of villages will have current supply and 100% of villages by 1975 (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 22 June).

This year, the Krakowskie Przedsiębiorstwo Elektryfikacji Rolnictwa (Cracow Rural Electrification Enterprise) will bring current to eighteen localities of our powiat. Out of the powiat's

270 villages and hamlets, already 156 supplied with current (Czestochowa, Zycie Czestochowy, 28 June).

Speaking at the fifth plenum of the party central committee, Robert Pisarski, secretary of Rzeszow wojewodztwo party committee said that the expansion of "Sarzyna" chemical works would allow for a more efficient exploitation of natural gas from the nearby deposits. At present, the annual 72,000,000 cu m capacity is being exploited in 13% only (Rzeszow, Nowiny Rzeszowskie, 29 June).

Up to 23 June, the Zaklady Energetyczne Okregu Zachodniego, (Western Area Power Plants), including the wojewodztwo of Poznan, Zielona Gora, Szczecin and Koszalin exceeded their semi-annual production plan, providing for the generation of 1,142,000,000 kwh. Up to 28 June, the plants supplied 1,175,534,000 kwh, and the total excess will amount to 43,500,000 kwh up to 30 June.

"Konin" power plant fulfilled its half-yearly plan on 29 June. Ahead of schedule production : 7,000,000 kwh (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 30 June).

Cracow's Zaklady Ludowy Sieci Elektrycznych (Electricity Network Construction Enterprise) will save 26,000,000 zlotys this year through introducing concrete poles.

Pomorze (Lydgoszcz wojewodztwo) and the Coast will gain 350 km of high and highest tension lines.

This year, the construction will begin of the huge, North-South highest tension line, extending via Konin and Mlode to Olsztyn long 200 km (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 2/3 July).

In several days, preliminary work starts on the construction of a second large hydroelectric power plant on the San River at Solina (Lesko powiat). Total cost : Over 1,000,000,000 zlotys.

The 120-megawatt plant will meet two-thirds of Southeast Poland's current requirements (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 4 July).

C. Consumer Goods, Food Industry, and Domestic Trade

Marketing plans for the next five years call for the sales to our wojewodztwo population of 2,910 tractors, 3,610 passenger cars, 42,350 motorcycles and scooters, and of 242,500 bicycles (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 15 June).

Within four months, the discussion on efficiency and technical progress, held at the ZPT imienia Barlickiego (Zaklady Przemyslu Welnianego imienia Barlickiego - Barlicki Wool Industry Mill) brought overtime down almost three times. Over the fourth quarter 1959, eighteen employees were discharged, among whom six desk workers. This year 33 were released, among whom fifteen women (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 17 June).

The executives of Znin powiat party committee met the crews of the meat packing plant of Janowiec. The plant is not doing too well : with a 60 t daily capacity, only 20 t of sausages a day are made,

and only 1.5 t of canned meat as against 2.5 t daily capacity.
Reasons : Shortage of storage space, and unpredictable breakdowns in the supply of electric current.

It should be added that Lydgoszcz meat industry union does not seem to take sufficient care of the plant. Item : The enterprise fund for 1959 has not been distributed yet, and the workers are indignant (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 22 June).

The people's wojewodztwo council will discuss ways and means of promoting trade and services in our wojewodztwo. At present, there are fewer service shops than in 1950, and no more catering establishments than in that year (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 22 June).

The "Motozbyt" motor trade enterprise will organize eleven commission shops in the big and wojewodztwo towns to sell second hand cars, motorcycles, and spare parts. At present, there are 36 "Motozbyt" retail shops, selling spare parts. Their number is to grow up to 55 this year, and to 170 by 1965 (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 23 June).

Poznan International Trade Fair closed on 26 June. The Fair was visited by 460,000 persons, among whom nearly 6,000 from foreign countries. Twenty four States sent official delegations, and there were exhibits from 56 countries. The Fair's turnover : Up 40% from 1959 (Lodz, Glos Robotniczy, 27 June).

While the Czestochowa Branch of the ONS estimated that its monthly turnover would reach 5,500,000 zlotys, 7,000,000 zlotys worth of goods were sold in April, and 10,000,000 zlotys worth in May. Over the first ten days in June, the branch granted the following credits :

For the purchase of	Number of clients
Apparel	111
Television sets	193
Radio sets	110

(Czestochowa, Zycie Czestochowy, 28 June).

The cotton industry fulfilled its first half-year plans ahead of schedule. This means there will be extra production of 4,500,000 m of tissues before the end of first half-year. Value : Nearly 50,000,000 zlotys (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 1 July).

On 29 June, the Lubelskie Zaklady Przemyslu Skorzanego (Lublin Leather Industry Plant) overfulfilled its half-year plan by 1.9%. Extra production : 600 pairs of shoes, 1,000 kg of hard, and 3,600 sq m of soft leather (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 1 July).

D. Transportation and Communications

In Switzerland, the Polska Agencja Morska (Polish Maritime Agency) of Gdynia won the competitive bids for taking six boats from Polish shipyards to Indonesia. The first, "Rambutun" sailed

already, and her Polish crew will return from Djakarta by air (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 22 June).

Through handling 8,855,000 t of cargo, Polish ports fulfilled their half-year plans ten days ahead of schedule. The total cargo handled is up nearly 2,000,000t from the same period in 1959 (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 22 June).

Trial runs of Wroclaw-Groszowice electric trains are scheduled for October, provided the ministry of transports supply sub-station installations. If the trials are successful, normal services would start under summer 1961 PKP schedules (Wroclaw, Gazeta Robotnicza, 22 June).

Konrad Kozlowski, director-general in the ministry of communications, members of the people's wojewodztwo presidium, and those of the committee for the construction of television transmitter visited Trzeciewiec, 20 km from Lydgoszcz, where the construction of Pomorze Television Center has been going on for one year. As early as this week, foundations will be laid under the 317 m tower (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 22 June).

The assembly continues of the 70 m tower of Olsztyn television transmitter. Up to 15 June, the height of 40 m has been reached. The work will be completed, and transmission begun on 14 July, on the eve of Grunwald festivities (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 28 June).

At present, there are over 300,000 registered television sets in Poland, of which 261,894 in towns, and 39,430 in villages.

Katowice wojewodztwo is first with 110,211 sets, of which 15,495 are in the country (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 28 June).

A handful of data on the Polish merchant fleet :

Before 1939, Poland operated 71 vessels totalling 128,000 t dw. Of these, the passenger boats for emigrant service accounted for 50%.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Number of Units</u>	<u>T dw</u>
1950	61	243,000
1956	70	266,000
1959 (end)	127	716,000

Of the 127 vessels now being operated, 61 are under ten years old.

In 1959, the tonnage was increased by 49,000 t dw, and this year fourteen units, totalling 90,000 t dw will be added. Between 1961 and 1965, there will be 610,000 t dw of new shipping, worth 7,500,000,000 zlotys.

Polish flag's share in Polish foreign trade :

1958	33%
1959	58%
1965	60%

At the beginning of this year, the average age of Polish merchant vessels was 11.7 years. Among Polish merchant vessels, 57% are motor ones. Their speeds average 12.6 knots.

The PLO operated 72 units totalling 535,000 t dw, and the PZM - 160,000 t dw (Gdansk, Dziennik Laltycki, 28 June).

This year, Szczecin Port served 2,230 vessels and handled almost 4,000,000 t of cargo (up 27% from the same period in 1959), of which 1,500,000 t in transit (up 52% from the same period in 1959). The Port Authority earned 35,000,000 zlotys as against 15,000,000 zlotys between 1 January and 1 July 1959. Forty six dockside workers were granted badges for their good work (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 29 June).

Having fulfilled its half-year plan ahead of schedule, Lublin DOKP will haul over 100,000 t until 1 July in addition to the planned loads carried (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 30 June).

The inauguration of Bogatynia-Swieradow transit through Czechoslovak territory took place at Czernizwa-Zaraj border crossing (Lwówek Slaski powiat) on 27 June. The transit will cut the length of the trip to Turoszow brown-coal-and-power complex by 60 km and by 90 minutes (Wroclaw, Gazeta Robotnicza, 30 June).

By the end of July, the new "LOT" air route from Warsaw to Rome will be opened. Distance : 1,836km. The flight takes 5 hrs 20 mins, including a 45 min stop at Vienna. Before the war, the route led through Bucharest (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 30 June).

To be paid for out of the fleet expansion fund, the PLO ordered three 8,500 t dw general cargo carriers from Yugoslavia's Rijeka Shipyard. The vessels, to be completed over the first three quarters of 1961 will be assigned to the South American run (Gdansk, Dziennik Laltycki, 1 July).

The "Centromer" import and export agency bought in Holland a 15,000 t dw, Flushing-built general cargo carrier. By the end of July, the new unit will sail for Far East ports (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 1 July).

In 1959, Poland's three harbors handled the total of 13,000,000 t of cargo :

Coal	7,000,000 t
Other bulk cargoes	1,000,000 t
Iron ore	3,000,000 t
Grain	1,000,000 t
Timber	500,000 t
General cargo	4,000,000 t

The ports' shares :

Szczecin	7,300,000 t
Gdansk	5,100,000 t
Gdynia	5,500,000 t

Recently, the ports handle less coal, and more general cargo. Gdynia handled 2,000,000 t of general cargo in 1959.

The three ports have 29 km of piers, 300,000 sq m of warehouse space, 400,000 sq m of storage space, and about 200 cranes, winches etc. This allows for 130 vessels to be laden or unloaded at the same time.

Goods in transit totalled 3,200,000 t in 1959 :

Czechoslovakia	2,400,000 t
East Germany	568,000 t
Hungary	231,000 t

Under the plan, the ports will handle 18,500,000t of cargo p.a. in 1965, and 30,000,000t p.a. in 1975. This last figure will include 8,000,000 t of general cargo (Gdansk, Dziennik Łódzki, 1 July).

After a successful trip to Holland, the "Zegluga na Odrze" (Odra River Shipping) prepares another trip by Wrocław barges. Cargo : Outbound : Polish cement for Holland, and coal for West Germany. Homeward bound : West German high grade coke (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 1 July).

Poznań's new airport was used for International Trade Fair air traffic. For the time being, it is only used as Okecie's auxiliary port, however will be expanded in the nearest future (Poznań, Gazeta Poznańska, 2/3 July).

E. Construction, and Construction Materials

The housing built over the first five months of 1960 in our city is 934 units shy of the plan figure. The people's municipal council session on 14 June disclosed that 408 of the 934 were not completed due to failure by the enterprise subordinate to the municipal housing construction authority (Łódź, Głos Robotniczy, 15 June).

Gliwice's industrial construction design office is about to complete the blueprints for a huge steel structure production plant near Skierniewice. The construction of the plant is to begin before the end of the year. It will be built in order to overcome the shortage of structural steel for Plock petrochemical plant, where such shortage would amount to 45,000 t p.a. over the first stage of construction. In addition, the plant would also supply bridge, railroad and mining structures. Planned capacity : 90,000 t p.a. First structures are to be supplied in 1962 (Łódź, Głos Robotniczy, 17 June).

A team operating heavy earthmoving machinery began work on changing the bed of Jasna river at Turowszów. Almost 250,000 cu m of dirt will be moved. The new bed will be 40 m wide and, at places,

12 m deep. It will prevent the danger of the strip mine and power plant being flooded (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 22 June).

Investigation carried out by the ILM (Instytut Ludownictwa Mieszkaniowego - Housing Construction Institute) showed that the average surface of city apartments grew from 48.3 sq m in 1955 to almost 52 m in 1958. State standards are not always respected, and apartments built by private individuals often reach 71 sq m. Since 1958, the regulations have been more strictly enforced (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 28 June).

The new housing project at our city's Zdrowa Street, made up of 526 units in five blocks is built by industrial methods. Exclusive of the basement, the construction of a block takes a seven-man brigade with a construction crane two months and a half (Wroclaw, Gazeta Robotnicza, 29 June).

At the Torunskie Zaklady Nawozow Fosforowych, a new section is under construction. It will produce sulphites of chlorine, a half-finished product for the pharmaceutical industry. Total cost of project ; About 200,000,000 zlotys (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 29 June, Illustration 2).

On 27 June, the "Chelm" works produced the first 125 t of cement out of this year's planned 422,000 t output. The four rotary kilns already in operation supplied 32,095 t of clinker. Within days, the fifth and sixth kilns will be fired (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 29 June).

While work continues on the 13 km Laczany-Kopanka Canal, which will cut 5 km off the distance between these two localities, and thus provide the chemical works at Dwory with better water transport, the canal will not be completed before 1961 due to delays in the work to be carried on the locks by Cracow's "Elektromontaz" enterprise, and in the arrival of Czechoslovak and Hungarian turbines (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 30 June).

The ceramic plant at Jozefow assigned 7,000,000 zlotys for the construction of a rotary kiln, the first to be designed and built by Polish engineers, and to replace the chamber kiln now in use. The rotary kiln is to be completed in 1962 (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 30 June).

The housing needs of our wojewodztwo over the years 1961-1965 amount to 90,000 units. If one makes an estimate of illegal construction, the wojewodztwo gained 18,000 housing units and about 8,000 farm buildings of all description in 1959.

In Pulawy powiat, there are at present 124 brick baking teams, and 28 construction materials ones. In 1959, these teams produced 7,230,000 bricks. Needed : 300 field brickworks with an annual capacity of 150,000,000 bricks (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 30 June).

This year, construction cooperatives are to complete 40,000 housing units as against 27,000 units in 1959. Our wojewodztwo's share : 3,434 units (Gdansk, Dziennik Baltvcki, 1 July).

At Stalowa Wola steelworks, civil engineers shifted a 150 t foundation, thus saving the cost of building a new one, and ten days' time (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 1 July).

There is nearly 300,000,000 zlotys deposited with the PKO by prospective house or apartment owners to pay for their proposed construction. The money can also be kept in State investment bonds (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 1 July).

Over the next six years, "Nasza Praca" (Our Work), our city's inter-enterprise construction cooperative will build 7,756 housing units, and Czestochowska Spoldzielnia Mieszkaniowa (Czestochowa Housing Cooperative) - 3,417 units (Czestochowa, Zycie Czestochowy, 2 July).

Trybuna Robotnicza carried a long feature on the construction of Piaseczno strip sulfur mine, written by Aleksandra Chmura (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 2/3 July).

The KSE at the Lygoskie Przedsiębiorstwo Ludownictwa Mieszkaniowego (Lygoszcz Housing Construction Enterprise) disclosed that the enterprise earned 18,000,000 zlotys between 1 April 1959, and 31 March 1960. In 1960, the enterprise completed 1,361 housing units, or 118 units ahead of schedule. Over the third quarter, the enterprise will complete 940 housing units, and five schools (Lygoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 4 July).

F. General Economic

1. Economic structure and administration; economic plans, plan fulfillment, and policies. While on the national scale, the small industries production accounts for 12.6% of the total industrial production of Poland, in our wojewodztwo the share of small industries amounts to 12.2% only.

Discussions at the people's wojewodztwo council session on 13 June disclosed that the value of the State local industry production in our wojewodztwo rose from 22,600,000 zlotys in 1946 to 276,600,000 zlotys in 1960 (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 19/20 June).

On 21 June, the USSR purchased at Poznan International Trade Fair 60,000 sewing machines for delivery in 1961. This is equal to half the annual production of the kadomskie Zaklady Metalowe "Lucznik" ("Archer", Kadom Metal Works). In 1958, "Lucznik" exports did not exceed 11,000 sewing machines p.a.

Other deals at the Fair:

"Motcimport" motor vehicle export and import agency sold Czechoslovakia 6,000 3,5 t payload trailers.

There is promise in the talks with the East German delegation, with the deputy-president of India's Chamber of Commerce, and with C. V. Bhatt, manager of Ceylon Metal Company (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 22 June).

The construction of Turoszow complex is an example of international cooperation : From the USSR, the new, Europe's largest teams of turbines come, 200 megawatt each. From East Germany - thirteen bulldozers, capacity 1,850 cu m of dirt/hour each. There will also be Czechoslovak machinery.

The first 200-megawatt turbine team will be in operation in 1962, and thereafter a new team will be added every six months until completion in $4\frac{1}{2}$ years. Total cost of project : 10,500,000,000 zlotys, out of which 4,900,000,000 zlotys for the power plant alone (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 22 June).

"Podgorze city section seems to be considered a second class one. While 1,500,000,000 zlotys, to be invested in the section over the years 1961-1965 is certainly a lot of money, one billion is for industrial projects. However, the section is fully industrialized, and the bulk of money should be earmarked for other things.

"In 1965, Podgorze will have a population of 130,000, and in 1980 - of 270,000. The natural increase has been estimated and foreseen all right, but not the construction of a decent cinema, house of culture etc." (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 22 June).

On 29 June, heavy industry fulfilled its half-year plans. Up to the end of the half-year, about 350,000,000 zlotys worth of additional production will bring the fulfillment up to 102-103%.

The output was up 15% from the same period in 1959. Principal increases : Non-ferrous metals, iron ore mining, motorization equipment, farm machinery, heavy machinery, electrical, electronics and communication equipment.

This half-year, the steel industry will have produced about 3,300,000 t of steel, up 225,000 t from the first half 1959. Other figures : 2,200,00 t of rolling mill products, 8,000 lathes, 14,600 motor vehicles, 7,000 freight and 420 passenger railroad cars.

Increases in consumer goods production over first half 1959 :

Motorcycles	By 10,000
Washing machines	" 60,000
Refrigerators	" 4,000
Television sets	" 30,000

(Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 30 June).

A conference of political and economic activists was held at the wojewodztwo party committee on 29 June, and attended by Wladyslaw Kruczek, member of the party central committee, and first secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee. The conference discussed the tasks in implementing the recommendations issued by the fifth plenum of the party central committee. It was said that investment outlays were much too frequently wasted in a very careless way. The examples were quoted of the Fabryka Obuwia (Footwear Factory) of Przemyśl, and of the kieszowskie Zaklady Przemyslu Terenowego (kieszow Local Industry Plant). In the latter case,

6,000,000 zlotys were invested in the expansion of plant, with the only result that in 1959 the value of its production dropped by 6,500,000 zlotys. The estimates for the expansion of Glogow's weaving mill called for 1,200,000 zlotys to be spent. Up to now, 14,700,000 zlotys were already spent, and the expansion is not completed yet.

The conference was in favor of concentrating investment outlays in the construction of Tarnobrzeg sulfur basin and complex. This would speed the construction up, and bring the production of sulfuric acid up to 400,000 t instead of to 320,000 t as planned, and that of superphosphate - up to 550,000 t instead of to 400,000 t as planned (Kzeszow, Nowiny Kzeszowskie, 30 June)

In an article discussing investments in socialist countries, W. Ludzinski stated that Poland's 1958 industrial investment outlays accounted for 41.5% of the country's total investment outlays as against :

Czechoslovakia	41.5%
Hungary	43.0%
The USSR	46.0%
Bulgaria	53.0%

The author drew the conclusion that the rate of GNP growth in socialist countries was twice that of the capitalist ones, and thus constituted the best guarantee of victory (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 1 July).

On 30 June, Lucjan Motyka, first secretary of the wojewodztwo two party committee presided over a conference of wojewodztwo economic activists, discussing the fifth plenum resolutions concerning investment policies.

Over the years 1961-1965, an estimated 30,000,000,000 zlotys would be invested in Cracow wojewodztwo, and the expansion of Lenin Huta steelworks alone would cost about 9,000,000,000 zlotys.

At present, the fact is stressed that production must be raised through expansion and modernization of existing facilities rather than by means of costly investments. The conference set up a committee for the revision of investment projects, and approved a detailed plan of its activities (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 1 July).

In a long article dealing with methods of making better use of the available raw materials in accordance with the fifth plenum resolutions, Professor Dionizy Smolenski, president of the committee for technical affairs said that the chemical industry was confronted with technological reconstruction through:

(1) Great syntheses of petrochemical raw materials, natural gas, and Polish sulfur,

(2) mastering and expanding the production of plastics, synthetic fibers, fertilizers and synthetic feeds,

(3) intensifying technological processes.

The author stated that about 200,000,000 zlotys would be invested in automation (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 2/3 July).

In 1955, as many as 183,000 rationalization suggestions were filed and investigated, and their average value amounted to 6,000 zlotys each, while in 1959 there were only 36,000 but the average value soared to 30,000 zlotys.

The number of technical and rationalization clubs dropped from 2,723 in 1955 down to 1,039 in 1958. Their number increased in 1959. There are at present 1,400 technical clubs, and the savings due to their work are not much smaller than in 1955 (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 2/3 July).

Speaking to journalists at the Polish Radio Club on 1 July, Tadeusz Ludwikowski, secretary of the wojewodztwo party committee criticized the erroneous belief that the reduction of investment outlays following the resolutions passed by the fifth plenum of the party central committee would bring about lowered standards of living: This was not expected, as at present Poland started from a higher economic level than in 1955.

Up to the end of 1960, all investment plans for 1961 will be reviewed. Up to the end of 1961, all such plans for the years 1962-1965 will be analyzed (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 2/3 July).

"The disease of exceeding estimates is a chronic one in our investment system. It always happens while the construction of investment projects is under way. At the Zjednoczone Zakłady Kowerowe (United Cycle Works) at Fordon, the original estimates of 124,000,000 zlotys were increased by 46,000,000 zlotys while the plant was under construction. This is inadmissible" (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 2/3 July).

The wojewodztwo directorate for investment revision affairs was set up to co-ordinate the implementation of the resolutions passed by the fifth plenum of the party central committee. President: Jan Szydlak, first secretary of the party committee of the wojewodztwo. Among members: Jan Kostuj, executive member of the wojewodztwo party committee, manager of the HCP (H. Cegielski Works), Witold Hempowicz, president of the wojewodztwo economic planning commission, Zenon Hefflich, manager of the State Agricultural Bank Poznan branch etc. (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 2/3 July)!"

"On the eve of the tenth anniversary of the Polish-East German economic agreement signed at Zgorzelec, one should bear in mind that the economic exchanges between the two countries reached the amount of 1,296,800,000 foreign trade zlotys in 1959. East Germany is the second in Polish foreign trade: It accounted for 11.5% of Polish foreign trade in 1958, and for 12.6% in 1959" (Bydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 4 July).

Following the timber industry complex now under construction at Rzepedz (Lieszczady area), it is planned to build another one at Ustianowa near Ustrzyki Dolne. A forest railroad to Ustrzyki Górne would be built to haul about 150,000 cu m of timber p.a. (Rzeszów, Nowiny Rzeszowskie, 4 July).

2. Budget and taxation items. On 21 June, a session of the people's województwo council presidium, attended by the presidents of the people's powiat councils and of powiat agricultural associations unions analyzed the position with regard to the agricultural development fund, and found out that of the total fund credits, amounting to 270,000,000 zlotys, only 22,000,000 were used up. Tuchola powiat was the best among the województwo powiats - credits were used up to 20% there, and those of Aleksandrow Kujawski, Lipno and Radziejów - worst. This seems to indicate the existence of serious organizational shortcomings in the activities of the agricultural associations (Lydgoszcz, Gazeta Pomorska, 22 June).

"The second quarter is slowly nearing its end but not all the peasants discharged their duties towards the State. There are sizable tax and other arrears in the powiats of Pleszew, Wresnia, Poznan, Gniezno and Slupca.

"Trzcizna powiat peasants settled all their obligations before 24 June. This should provide an example for all other farmers" (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 29 June).

The session of the people's województwo council decided that the 1959, 25,150,000 zlotys budget surplus would be used for the equipment of POM's, for payments due for medicines prescribed for social security patients, and for building the road at Jordznow (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 30 June).

The session of the people's municipal council decided to divide the 1959 budget surplus thus :

	<u>Zlotys</u>
Municipal and housing economy	3,031,500
Culture	1,093,000
Health	15,367,020
Education Inspectorate	1,000,000
Administration of people's councils	20,000
Budget reserve	1,580,000

(Czestochowa, Zycie Czestochowy, 30 June).

Every month, our city ZUS pays out pensions to over 36,000 persons. There are 11,000 old age pensions (average : 701 zlotys per month), and 13,000 disability ones (average : 625 zlotys). Every month, the agency receives about 500 applications for pensions (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 2/3 July).

Compared to 1956, the retail turnover of cooperative trade increased by 50%, production doubled, the value of dairy production was up 75%, that of gardening up more than 100%, and of other articles - over 40% (Poznan, Gazeta Poznanska, 2/3 July).

A solemn academy on 2 July marked the International Cooperative Movement Day in our city. There are in our wojewodztwo 857 cooperative societies with a total membership of 750,000, employing 85,000.

The value of their output in 1959 reached nearly 5,000,000,000 zlotys, that of their export production - 146,000,000 zlotys, and of services supplied - 200,000,000 zlotys.

Over 390,000,000 zlotys were invested in cooperative societies. The cooperatives contributed 40,000,000 zlotys to social welfare purposes.

In 1959, the people's councils' revenues from cooperatives exceeded 332,000,000 zlotys. Construction cooperatives completed 1,062 housing units in 1959 (Cracow, Dziennik Polski, 3/4 July).

G. Geographic

1. Population. In certain Dzialystek wojewodztwo localities, the population increased by 70% since 1950 :

<u>Locality</u>	<u>1950</u>	<u>1960</u>
Dzialystek city	68,500	116,600
Swalki	15,500	20,400
Elk	13,700	22,700
Lomza	14,800	20,300

Before the War, Elk had a population of 16,700 (Szczecin, Kurier Szczecinski, 3 July).

2. Western Territories. The coke chemistry plant at Blachownia near Kedzierzyn is one of the major and most modern industrial plants of both Opole wojewodztwo and of the Western Territories (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 4 July, Illustration 4).

Appendix A

Illustrations

- (1) View of one of the tankers now under construction at Wroclaw's "Zacisze" river shipyard for the United Arab Republic (Wroclaw, Gazeta Robotnicza, 29 June, # 153/3722, p. 4).
- (2) New section under construction at the Torunskie Zaklady Nawozow Fosforowych (Torun Phosphate Fertilizer Plant) (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 29 June, # 153/5083, p. 3).
- (3) Tarnobrzeg Sulfur Complex under construction : Boilermakers' and welders' workshops (Katowice, Trybuna Robotnicza, 2/3 July, # 156/5121, p. 5).
- (4) Partial view of the coke chemistry plant at Blachownia near Kedzierzyn in Opole wojewodztwo (Lublin, Sztandar Ludu, 4 July, # 157/5087, p. 3).

Appendix B Newspaper Sources

	June	July
Dziennik Łódzki (Łódź)	22, 28-30	1-4
Dziennik Polski (Cracow)	22, 28-30	1-4
Gazeta Pomorska (Bydgoszcz)	22, 28-30	1-4
Gazeta Poznańska	22, 28-30	1-4
Głos Robotniczy (Łódź)	13-15, 17-23, 25-27	
Kurier Szczeciński	19-21, 28-30	1-4
Sztandar Ludu (Lublin)	22, 29-30	1-4
Trybuna Robotnicza (Katowice)	22, 29-30	1-4
Zycie Białostockie	24, 28-30	

Economic only :

Gazeta Robotnicza (Wrocław)	22, 29-30	1-4
Nowiny Czeszowskie	22, 28-30	1-4
Zycie Częstochowy	24, 28-30	2-4

Appendix C

Abbreviations:

DOKP	Dyrekcja Okręgowa Kolei Państwowych (District Administration of State railroads)
FJN	Front Jedności Narodu (National Unity Front)
gromada	village or group of villages (population)
KSa	Konferencja Samorządu Robotniczego (Conference of Workers' Self-Government)
LK	Liga Kobiet (Women's League)
LPZ	Liga Przyjaciół Zolnierza (League of Soldier's Friends)
MO	Milicja Obywatelska (Citizens' Militia)
OS	Obsługa katalnej Sprzedazy (Installment Sales Service)
PAN	Polska Akademia Nauk (Polish Academy of Sciences)
PGR	Państwowe Gospodarstwo Rolne (State Farm)
PKO	Powszechna Kasa Opieki (State Savings Bank)
PKP	Polskie Koleje Państwowe (Polish State Railroads)
PLO	Polskie Linie Oceaniczne (Polish Ocean Lines)
POM	Państwowy Ośrodek Maszynowy (State Tractor Station)
powiat	county

PTE Polskie Towarzystwo Ekonomiczne (Polish Society of Economists)
 PZM Polska Zegluga Morska (Polish Merchant Marine)
 PZPR Polska Zjednoczona Partia Robotnicza (Polish United Workers' Party)
 SAiW Stowarzyszenie Ateistow i Wolnomyslicieli (Association of Atheists and Freethinkers)
 SD Stronnictwo Demokratyczne (Democratic Party)
 Sejm Parliament
 SFDS Spoeczny Fundusz Ludowy Szkol (Social School Construction Fund)
 SFOS Spoeczny Fundusz Obudowy Stolicy (Social Fund for the Reconstruction of Warsaw)
 TPRK Towarzystwo Przyjazni Polsko-Radzieckiej (Society for Polish-Soviet Friendship)
 TSS Towarzystwo Szkoły Swieckiej (Society for Secular School)
 TWP Towarzystwo Wiedzy Powszechnej (Society for the Popularization of Knowledge)
 wojewodztwo - province
 WUML Wieczorowy Uniwersytet Marksizmu-Leninizmu (Evening University of Marxism-Leninism)
 ZBOWiD Zwiazek Bojownikow o Wolnosc i Demokracje (Union of Fighters for Freedom and Democracy)
 ZMS Zwiazek Mlodziezy Socjalistycznej (Socialist Youth Union)
 ZMW Zwiazek Mlodziezy Wiejskiej (Rural Youth Union)
 ZNTK Zaklady Naprawcze Taboru Kolejowego (Railroad Rolling Stock Repair Shops)
 ZPG Zaklady Przemyslu Gumowego (Rubber Industry Plant)
 ZSL Zjednoczone Stronnictwo Ludowe (United Peasant Party)
 ZSP Zrzeszenie Studentow Polskich (Polish Students Association)
 ZUS Zaklad Ubezpieczen Spoecznych (Social Security Agency)

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